



Vikas Bharati Public School
Sample Paper (Session 2025-26)
Class: VI
Subject: Social Science

Time : 2 hrs 30 mins

M.M : 60

		SECTION – A	
		The following questions are multiple-choice questions with one correct answer. Each question carries 1 mark. There is no internal choice in this section.	
1.	a)	What is the significance of the Sangha in Buddhism? i) It is a sacred text ii) It is a place of worship iii) It is a community of monks and nuns iv) It is a philosophical concept	1
	b)	India has a tradition where sacred hymns are passed down orally from one generation to another with precise pronunciation and rhythm. Which tradition has been recognised by UNESCO as a masterpiece of oral and intangible heritage? i) The Upanishads ii) Vedic chanting iii) Mahabharata iv) The Ramayana	1
	c)	During a village meeting, the elected head presides over discussions and represents the village in official matters. By what name is this person known? i) Pradhan ii) Principal iii) Panchayat Secretary iv) Patwari	1
	d)	Based on the distribution of oceans and continents, which of the following hemispheres contains the largest proportion of water? i) Eastern Hemisphere ii) Southern Hemisphere iii) Northern Hemisphere iv) Western Hemisphere	1
	e)	Map showing the distribution of forests. i) Political map ii) Physical map iii) Colourful map iv) Thematic map	1
	f)	What does the term “money’s worth” refer to? i) The physical appearance of money ii) The monetary value placed on an object iii) The total amount of money a person has iv) The exchange rate of money	1
	g)	Which sector involves transforming raw materials into finished products? i) Primary sector ii) Secondary sector iii) Tertiary sector iv) Service sector	1
	h)	A farmer grows crops using land, water, and sunlight. This activity depends directly on nature. Which category of economic activity does it belong to? i) Agriculture ii) Software development iii) Banking iv) Automobile manufacturing	1
	i)	Most Harappan cities developed near rivers that helped in farming, trade, and transport. Along which river system did the Harappan civilisation mainly flourish?	1

		i) Ganga–Yamuna ii) Indus river system	iii) Brahmaputra iv) Narmada	
	j)	The Mauryan emperor who used the name of Jambudvipa to describe India was i) Chandragupta Maurya ii) Ashoka	iii) Samundra Gupta iv) Bindusara	1
2.		The underlined word in each sentence is incorrect. Identify the error and re-write the correct statement.		5
	a)	Early Vedic society was organised in different <u>jantas</u> or clans.		
	b)	Urban areas with a population above 10 lakh come under the jurisdiction of a <u>Municipal Council</u> .		
	c)	<u>Legislature</u> interprets the laws of the country.		
	d)	<u>Longitude</u> are imaginary horizontal lines that run from east to west.		
	e)	The Municipal Corporation of Greater <u>Mumbai</u> is the oldest in India.		
3.		Fill in the blanks.		5
	a)	_____ is a measure of the distance from Equator if we travel towards one of the poles.		
	b)	Prime Meridian passes through Greenwich near _____.		
	c)	In mountainous regions, _____ farming cultivates crops on steep slopes.		
	d)	_____ is known as the island continent.		
	e)	_____ is a form of government in which the power to govern lies with the people.		
		SECTION – B (Attempt any 6 questions)		
4.		Define the following terms.		1+1
	a)	Ward		
	b)	Equator		
5.		In a city, the Urban Local Body is trying to improve cleanliness and public services. However, these efforts can succeed only if citizens actively cooperate. State two ways through which citizens can support Urban Local Bodies work efficiently.		2
6.		What is the message conveyed by the Vedas?		2
7.		How does participatory democracy benefit citizens in governance?		2
8.		What is scale of a map? Why are specific symbols used in maps to represent features?		2
9.		Which central idea distinguishes the Charvaka school from other Indian philosophical traditions? Explain		2

10.		Differentiate between a globe and a map.	2
		SECTION – C (Attempt any 4 questions)	
11.		Explain a few central ideas of Jainism. Briefly comment upon them.	3
12.		Why is Tourism considered an important source of income for the people living in the mountains?	3
13.		Observe the given picture and answer the following questions 	
	a)	Identify the natural disaster shown in the picture.	1
	b)	Mention one cause of this disaster. Suggest one safety measure people should take during such disaster.	2
14.		What functions are assigned to urban local bodies in cities and towns?	3
15.		Observe the picture given below and answer the following questions. 	
	a)	Identify the largest continent shown in the map.	1
	b)	Name the ocean lying to the east of the continent.	1
	c)	Write one importance of continents to human life.	1
		SECTION – D (Attempt any 2 questions)	
16.		What is Panchayati Raj system? How does the Panchayati Raj system function at village, block and district level?	1+3

17.		What new school of thought emerged in India in the first millenium BCE? What are its core principles?	2+2
18.		Write a short note on the life of Gautama Buddha.Give an account of any two core principles of Buddhism.	2+2
		SECTION – E	
19.		<p>Read the given paragraph and answer the following questions.</p> <p>Meera lives in Greenpur, a hilly village. The villagers were facing difficulties such as poor road connectivity, limited access to healthcare, and frequent landslides during the rainy season. These problems made it hard for children to attend school.</p> <p>A Gram Sabha meeting was organised where villagers, including women and youth, actively participated. They discussed how the poor condition of roads and lack of medical facilities affected their daily lives. The Sarpanch informed the villagers about the funds available under the Gram Panchayat and government schemes.</p> <p>After discussion, it was decided to repair the main road leading to the village health centre as a priority. Villagers also agreed to form a committee to spread awareness about safety measures during the monsoon season. The decisions were recorded and forwarded to the Panchayat Samiti for approval. Over time, the road was improved and a health worker began visiting the village regularly. The villagers understood that collective effort and participation are essential for solving local problems.</p>	
	i)	Which meeting was organised to discuss village problems?	1
	ii)	Why was repairing the road to the health centre given priority?	1
	iii)	How did people’s participation help in improving conditions in Greenpur?	2
		SECTION - F	
20. I		Name the following sites / places with the help of the hints given below on the political map of India.	2
	i)	Harappan city known for large reservoirs	
	ii)	Birth place of Lord Mahavira	
20. II		Mark the following on the political map of India.	2
	i)	Uttar Pradesh	
	ii)	Assam	

